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Introduction to the UK fisheries case study

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Inshore Fisheries, Cornwall



- SW peninsular of UK
- 530,000 people
- One of the poorest parts of the UK in terms of per capita GDP.
- About 60% of EU average per capita
- European Convergence Area
- ERDF and ESF funds available
- FLAG





Inshore Fisheries, Cornwall

- Understanding their adaptive capacity and sustainability
- Adopting a resilience perspective
- The key role of human capacities:
 - Appropriate governance / regulatory frameworks / market arrangements





Inshore Fisheries, Cornwall



- Tourism is the most important industry
- One in three touched by fishing
- Inshore defined as under 10m
- 619 registered vessels (90% <10m)
- 898 active fishermen
- CFP, especially quota
- Brexit





Institutional arrangements

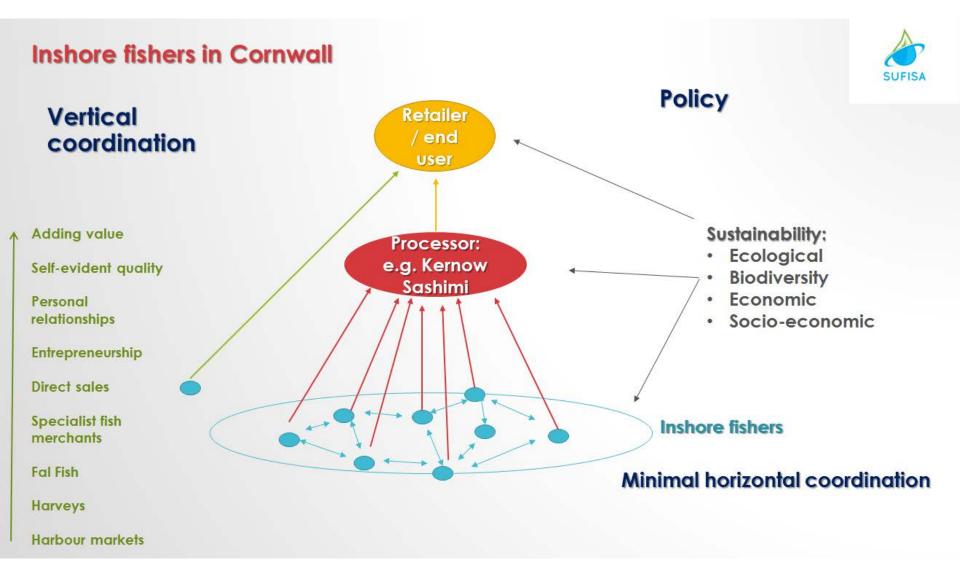


- Physical flows (e.g. storage, sorting, packaging, processing, transport)
- Monetary flows (e.g. price, added value)
- Information flows (e.g. standards, labels, brands)
- Vertical coordination
- Horizontal coordination



Institutional arrangements







- Reasons for going fishing
- What is distinctive about inshore fishing
- Markets and marketing
- Quota
- Policy and management
- Resilience
- The future



Reasons for going fishing

- "It's just what I've done. It's not a job, it's a way of life, and it's salt water coursing through these veins and it always will, you know. I don't make a fortune, but I make a living. I love going to sea and I love doing what I do. I fish."



- What is distinctive about inshore fishing
 - Highly localised
 - Scale of operation
 - Inherently ecologically sustainable
 - "I mean, we're under 10 m boats, we've got a limited distance, we've got a limit to what we can carry, gear-wise and catch-wise...Your impact on the overall fish stocks is going to be minimal."



- Markets and marketing Adding value
 - Selling through the market
 - Selling to local restaurants
 - Personal relationship and reputation
 - Entrepreneurship
 - Dreckly Fish in Newlyn; Kernow Sashimi
 - Freshness and quality
 - Competition amongst fishers, not cooperation



"This guide brings
you all the
information you
need to choose
high quality
Cornish seafood,
harvested with
minimal impact on
the marine
environment."



Quota

- Access to sufficient quota Brexit
- Frustration with quota allocation and bureaucracy
- Growing cost of licences
- Additional entry cost burden



Policy and management

- French and Belgian trawlers working at 6nm limit
- Fishing for Leave Brexit
- CFPO; Coastal PO
- "I don't know who is attending those [Brexit] meetings...
 These big players are going to be around the table and we
 don't have any representation, it's hopeless, we have no
 salt in the river..." (Helston FG).



Resilience

- Fishers are inherently resilient
- To what extent and in what ways are fishers able to adapt to changing circumstances?
- Succession
- "We are the visual side of fishing as well... Communities are a big thing...You don't know what you've got until you've lost it".



The future

- What is the vision for inshore fishing in the UK?
 - Contribution to food and nutrition security?
 - Catching fish or preserving a way of life?
 - Socio-economic contribution in relation to communities?
 - 'Social externalities'.



Thank you!